



3. On December 14, 2018, defendants filed a proxy statement (the “Proxy Statement”) with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission (the “SEC”) in connection with the Proposed Transaction.

4. The Proxy Statement, which scheduled a stockholder vote on the Proposed Transaction for January 24, 2019, omits material information with respect to the Proposed Transaction, which renders the Proxy Statement false and misleading. Accordingly, plaintiff alleges herein that defendants violated Sections 14(a) and 20(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the “1934 Act”) in connection with the Proxy Statement.

#### **JURISDICTION AND VENUE**

5. This Court has jurisdiction over all claims asserted herein pursuant to Section 27 of the 1934 Act because the claims asserted herein arise under Sections 14(a) and 20(a) of the 1934 Act and Rule 14a-9.

6. This Court has jurisdiction over defendants because each defendant is either a corporation that conducts business in and maintains operations within this District, or is an individual with sufficient minimum contacts with this District so as to make the exercise of jurisdiction by this Court permissible under traditional notions of fair play and substantial justice.

7. Venue is proper under 28 U.S.C. § 1391 because a substantial portion of the transactions and wrongs complained of herein occurred in this District.

#### **PARTIES**

8. Plaintiff is, and has been continuously throughout all times relevant hereto, the owner of ITG common stock.

9. Defendant ITG is a Delaware corporation and maintains its principal executive offices at One Liberty Plaza, 165 Broadway, New York, New York 10006. ITG’s common stock

is traded on the New York Stock Exchange under the ticker symbol “ITG.” ITG is a party to the Merger Agreement.

10. Defendant Minder Cheng is Chairman of the Board of the Company.

11. Defendant Brian G. Cartwright is a director of the Company.

12. Defendant Timothy L. Jones is a director of the Company.

13. Defendant R. Jarrett Lilien is a director of the Company.

14. Defendant Kevin J. Lynch is a director of the Company.

15. Defendant Lee M. Shavel is a director of the Company.

16. Defendant Francis J. Troise is a director of the Company.

17. Defendant Steven S. Wood is a director of the Company.

18. The defendants identified in paragraphs 10 through 17 are collectively referred to herein as the “Individual Defendants.”

### **CLASS ACTION ALLEGATIONS**

19. Plaintiff brings this action as a class action on behalf of himself and the other public stockholders of ITG (the “Class”). Excluded from the Class are defendants herein and any person, firm, trust, corporation, or other entity related to or affiliated with any defendant.

20. This action is properly maintainable as a class action.

21. The Class is so numerous that joinder of all members is impracticable. As of November 6, 2018, there were approximately 33,071,135 shares of ITG common stock outstanding, held by hundreds, if not thousands, of individuals and entities scattered throughout the country.

22. Questions of law and fact are common to the Class, including, among others, whether defendants violated the 1934 Act and whether defendants will irreparably harm plaintiff

and the other members of the Class if defendants' conduct complained of herein continues.

23. Plaintiff is committed to prosecuting this action and has retained competent counsel experienced in litigation of this nature. Plaintiff's claims are typical of the claims of the other members of the Class and plaintiff has the same interests as the other members of the Class. Accordingly, plaintiff is an adequate representative of the Class and will fairly and adequately protect the interests of the Class.

24. The prosecution of separate actions by individual members of the Class would create the risk of inconsistent or varying adjudications that would establish incompatible standards of conduct for defendants, or adjudications that would, as a practical matter, be dispositive of the interests of individual members of the Class who are not parties to the adjudications or would substantially impair or impede those non-party Class members' ability to protect their interests.

25. Defendants have acted, or refused to act, on grounds generally applicable to the Class as a whole, and are causing injury to the entire Class. Therefore, final injunctive relief on behalf of the Class is appropriate.

### **SUBSTANTIVE ALLEGATIONS**

#### ***Background of the Company and the Proposed Transaction***

26. ITG is a global financial technology company that helps leading brokers and asset managers improve returns for investors around the world.

27. The Company allows traders to reduce the end-to-end cost of implementing investments through liquidity, execution, analytics, and workflow technology solutions.

28. ITG has offices in Asia Pacific, Europe, and North America and offers execution services in more than fifty countries.

29. On November 6, 2018, ITG's Board caused the Company to enter into the Merger Agreement with Virtu.

30. Pursuant to the terms of the Merger Agreement, ITG's stockholders will receive \$30.30 in cash for each share of ITG common stock they hold.

31. According to the press release announcing the Proposed Transaction:

ITG (NYSE: ITG), a leading agency broker and financial technology provider, today announced that it has reached a definitive agreement for Virtu Financial, Inc. (NASDAQ: VIRT) to acquire all outstanding shares of ITG's Common Stock for \$30.30 per share in cash. The price represents a premium of more than 40 percent over ITG's average closing share price of \$21.55 in the 30 days prior to news reports of a potential sale on October 4, 2018.

***The Proxy Statement Omits Material Information, Rendering It False and Misleading***

32. Defendants filed the Proxy Statement with the SEC in connection with the Proposed Transaction, which scheduled a stockholder vote on the Proposed Transaction for January 24, 2019.

33. As set forth below, the Proxy Statement omits material information with respect to the Proposed Transaction.

34. The Proxy Statement omits material information regarding the Company's financial projections and the analyses performed by the Company's financial advisor in connection with the Proposed Transaction, J.P. Morgan Securities LLC ("J.P. Morgan").

35. With respect to the Company's financial projections, the Proxy Statement fails to disclose the Company's unlevered free cash flows and all underlying line items.

36. With respect to J.P. Morgan's Public Trading Multiples analysis, the Proxy Statement fails to disclose the individual multiples and financial metrics for the companies observed by J.P. Morgan in the analysis.

37. With respect to J.P. Morgan's Selected Transaction Analysis, the Proxy Statement fails to disclose the individual multiples and financial metrics for the transactions observed by J.P. Morgan in the analysis.

38. With respect to J.P. Morgan's Discounted Cash Flow Analysis, the Proxy Statement fails to disclose: (i) unlevered free cash flows and all underlying line items; (ii) the range of terminal values of the Company; and (iii) the inputs and assumptions underlying the discount rates from 9.0% to 10.0% and the perpetual growth rate ranging from 1.5% to 2.5%.

39. The disclosure of projected financial information is material because it provides stockholders with a basis to project the future financial performance of a company, and allows stockholders to better understand the financial analyses performed by the company's financial advisor in support of its fairness opinion. Moreover, when a banker's endorsement of the fairness of a transaction is touted to shareholders, the valuation methods used to arrive at that opinion as well as the key inputs and range of ultimate values generated by those analyses must also be fairly disclosed.

40. The Proxy Statement also omits material information regarding potential conflicts of interest of J.P. Morgan.

41. The Proxy Statement fails to disclose the percentage of J.P. Morgan's fee that is contingent upon consummation of the Proposed Transaction.

42. Full disclosure of investment banker compensation and all potential conflicts is required due to the central role played by investment banks in the evaluation, exploration, selection, and implementation of strategic alternatives.

43. The omission of the above-referenced material information renders the Proxy Statement false and misleading, including, *inter alia*, the following sections of the Proxy

Statement: (i) Background of the Merger; (ii) Reasons for the Merger; Recommendation of the Company Board of Directors; (iii) Unaudited Prospective Financial Information; and (iv) Opinion of the Company's Financial Advisor.

44. The omitted information, if disclosed, would significantly alter the total mix of information available to the Company's stockholders.

### **COUNT I**

#### **Claim for Violation of Section 14(a) of the 1934 Act and Rule 14a-9 Promulgated Thereunder Against the Individual Defendants and ITG**

45. Plaintiff repeats and realleges the preceding allegations as if fully set forth herein.

46. The Individual Defendants disseminated the false and misleading Proxy Statement, which contained statements that, in violation of Section 14(a) of the 1934 Act and Rule 14a-9, in light of the circumstances under which they were made, omitted to state material facts necessary to make the statements therein not materially false or misleading. ITG is liable as the issuer of these statements.

47. The Proxy Statement was prepared, reviewed, and/or disseminated by the Individual Defendants. By virtue of their positions within the Company, the Individual Defendants were aware of this information and their duty to disclose this information in the Proxy Statement.

48. The Individual Defendants were at least negligent in filing the Proxy Statement with these materially false and misleading statements.

49. The omissions and false and misleading statements in the Proxy Statement are material in that a reasonable stockholder will consider them important in deciding how to vote on the Proposed Transaction. In addition, a reasonable investor will view a full and accurate disclosure as significantly altering the total mix of information made available in the Proxy Statement and in other information reasonably available to stockholders.

50. The Proxy Statement is an essential link in causing plaintiff and the Company's stockholders to approve the Proposed Transaction.

51. By reason of the foregoing, defendants violated Section 14(a) of the 1934 Act and Rule 14a-9 promulgated thereunder.

52. Because of the false and misleading statements in the Proxy Statement, plaintiff and the Class are threatened with irreparable harm.

## **COUNT II**

### **Claim for Violation of Section 20(a) of the 1934 Act Against the Individual Defendants**

53. Plaintiff repeats and realleges the preceding allegations as if fully set forth herein.

54. The Individual Defendants acted as controlling persons of ITG within the meaning of Section 20(a) of the 1934 Act as alleged herein. By virtue of their positions as officers and/or directors of ITG and participation in and/or awareness of the Company's operations and/or intimate knowledge of the false statements contained in the Proxy Statement, they had the power to influence and control and did influence and control, directly or indirectly, the decision making of the Company, including the content and dissemination of the various statements that plaintiff contends are false and misleading.

55. Each of the Individual Defendants was provided with or had unlimited access to copies of the Proxy Statement alleged by plaintiff to be misleading prior to and/or shortly after these statements were issued and had the ability to prevent the issuance of the statements or cause them to be corrected.

56. In particular, each of the Individual Defendants had direct and supervisory involvement in the day-to-day operations of the Company, and, therefore, is presumed to have had the power to control and influence the particular transactions giving rise to the violations as alleged

herein, and exercised the same. The Proxy Statement contains the unanimous recommendation of the Individual Defendants to approve the Proposed Transaction. They were thus directly involved in the making of the Proxy Statement.

57. By virtue of the foregoing, the Individual Defendants violated Section 20(a) of the 1934 Act.

58. As set forth above, the Individual Defendants had the ability to exercise control over and did control a person or persons who have each violated Section 14(a) of the 1934 Act and Rule 14a-9, by their acts and omissions as alleged herein. By virtue of their positions as controlling persons, these defendants are liable pursuant to Section 20(a) of the 1934 Act. As a direct and proximate result of defendants' conduct, plaintiff and the Class are threatened with irreparable harm.

#### **PRAYER FOR RELIEF**

**WHEREFORE**, plaintiff prays for judgment and relief as follows:

A. Enjoining defendants and all persons acting in concert with them from proceeding with, consummating, or closing the Proposed Transaction;

B. In the event defendants consummate the Proposed Transaction, rescinding it and setting it aside or awarding rescissory damages;

C. Directing the Individual Defendants to file a Proxy Statement that does not contain any untrue statements of material fact and that states all material facts required in it or necessary to make the statements contained therein not misleading;

D. Declaring that defendants violated Sections 14(a) and/or 20(a) of the 1934 Act, as well as Rule 14a-9 promulgated thereunder;

E. Awarding plaintiff the costs of this action, including reasonable allowance for plaintiff's attorneys' and experts' fees; and

F. Granting such other and further relief as this Court may deem just and proper.

**JURY TRIAL DEMAND**

Plaintiff hereby demands a trial by jury on all issues so triable.

Dated: January 4, 2019

**RIGRODSKY & LONG, P.A.**

By: /s/ Gina M. Serra

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